
Meta-Proteomics Workflow

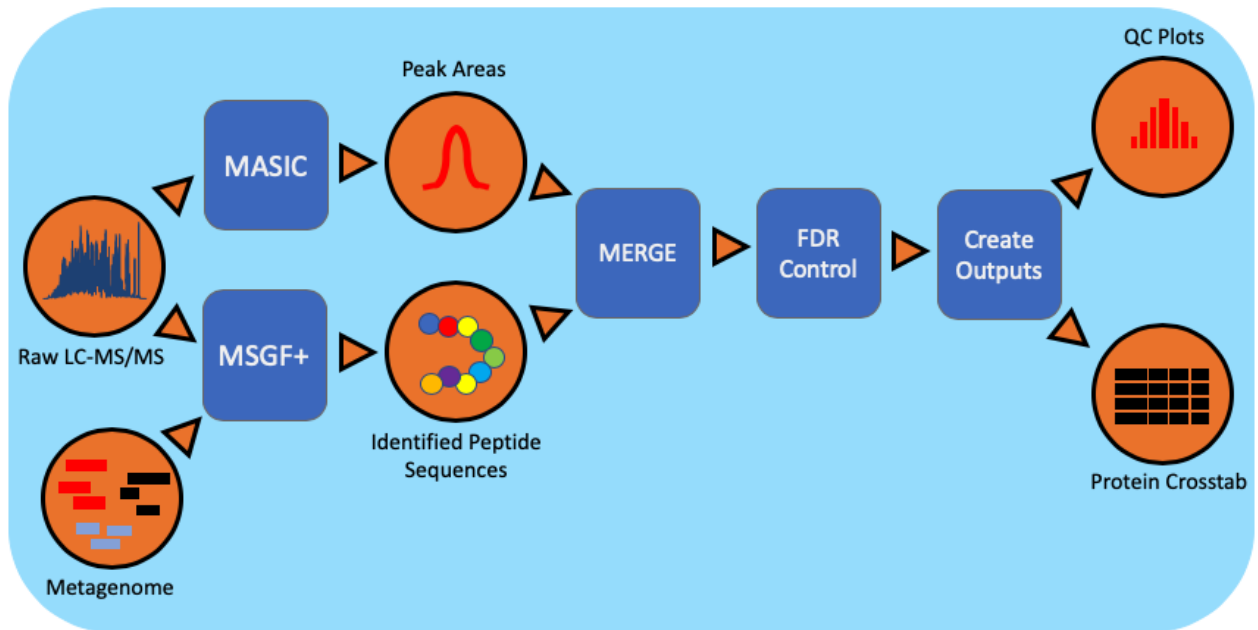
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WORKFLOW DESCRIPTION:

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ABOUT

Meta-proteomics workflow/pipeline is an end-to-end data processing and analyzing pipeline for studying proteomes i.e studying protein identification and characterization using MS/MS data.

We identify the active organisms/species in a metagenome corresponding to a wet-lab sample obtained from JGI after gene sequencing.

Then the researchers at PNNL culture these samples and make it appropriate to study it as a protein sample. This protein sample may have a single protein or a complex mixture of proteins.

Later, this sample is passed through a mass spectrometry instrument to obtain a proprietary data format .RAW file. This file contains MS/MS spectrum i.e mass analysis(mass-to-charge (m/z) ratios) for each peptide sequences identified in the sample.

Additionally, we need sequenced metagenomes for each datasets. Currently, The metagenomes are obtained from NERSC(JGI) in the of FASTA(.faa) files.

This workflow kicks in after .raw and .faa are available.

1.1 Table of Content

1. Components of workflow.
 1. *Processing*
 2. *Aggregating analysis results*
 3. *Report generation*
2. Benchmarking.
 1. *Overview datasets:*
 2. Execution time analysis

1.1.1 Overview of components:

Processing

Third party packages

Pack- ages	Version	Description
MS- GF- Plus	v20190628	performs peptide identification by scoring MS/MS spectra against peptides derived from a protein sequence database (FASTA files). Individual peptide sequences are identified(mzML file), then the set of peptide sequences is used to infer which proteins may have been present. It reads an open data format for MS/MS identification i.e mzML files and searches again a protein database(FASTA) to outputs a .mzId file which constitutes a set of scored PSMs along with E-value estimates(i.e computes E-values of PSMs and estimates FDRs)
Mzid- To- Tsv- Converter	v1.3.3	to converts MS-GF+ output (.mzid) into the tsv format (.tsv).
Pep- tide- HitRe- sult- sPro- ces- sor	v1.5.7130	converts tsv format (.tsv) to syn.txt file used for downstream analyses.
pwiz- bin- window	x86_64- vc141- release- 3_0_20149_b73158966	
MA- SIC	v3.0.7235	extracts intensity information for the identified peptides. It accurately measures peptide abundances and elution times in an LC-MS/MS analysis. It reads .Raw files from Thermo Fisher mass spectrometers and generates .SIC files i.e “selected ion chromatograms” (SICs) for each species chosen for MS/MS fragmentation.
sqlite- netFx- full- source	1.0.111.0	
msCon- vert		A command-line tool converting to/from various mass spectrometry data formats including multiple proprietary formats. It converts.RAW to mzML. Converting to mzML which is an open data format makes easy for academic scientists to directly manipulate MS/MS spectrum data. Open formats enable improved data sharing by allowing the data to be read by a variety of software tools without licensing restrictions
Conda	(3- clause BSD)	

Data flow diagram:**Input:**

- *.raw, metagenome, parameter files : MSGFplus & MASIC, contaminant_file*

Output:

- *.mzml, mzid, tsv*

Credits:

1. MoTrPAC.

2. **MS-GF+: Universal Database Search Tool for Mass Spectrometry.** Sangtae Kim, Pavel A. Pevzner, Nat Commun. 2014 Oct 31;5:5277. doi: 10.1038/ncomms6277.

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3. **MASIC+: (MS/MS Automated Selected Ion Chromatogram generator) a software program for fast quantitation and flexible** Matthew E. Monroe and Shaw, Jason L and Daly, Don S and Adkins, Joshua N and Smith, Richard D Licensed under the 2-Clause BSD License; you may not use this file except in compliance with the License. You may obtain a copy of the License at <https://opensource.org/licenses/BSD-2-Clause>

Moving on

Now it is time to move on to *Aggregating analysis results*.

Aggregating analysis results**Overview of software:**

1. Analyzing component:
 1. Reads in syn.txt files & calculated the best scoring peptides for each scan.
 2. Even though, MSGF+ estimates False discovery rates(FDRs) in some datasets MSGFplus tool when dealing with SPLIT FASTAs(multiple FASTA for the same sample) doesn't actually account all of them due to which the QValue and PepQValue value aren't based on the entire FASTA file for that dataset. Therefore, we're recomputing QValue and PepQValue to improve the FDR.
 3. merges the outputs from MSGF+ and MASIC, and applies to filter to control the false discovery rate. The output is a crosstab format table with rows containing protein sequence information, and columns with relative abundance measurements for proteins identified in each sample analyzed.

Merging Algorithm:

```

1 - Given an User-input:
2   - Generate
3     - start_file.xlsx
4     - job_info_query.xlsx
5   - For each dataset:
6     **Algorithm for merging MSGF+ and MASIC analysis job results**
7     - Combine multiple `MSGFplusJob results`:
8       1. Merge "*_msgfplus_syn.txt" files based on scan_id.
9       2. keep the best scoring peptide(minimum MSGFDB_SpecEValue candidate)
    ↳for each scan.
10      3. Generate `consolidate_syn` ( big peptide file).
11      4. Generate, `recomputed_consolidate_syn`
12        [improving the "False Discovery Rate" algorithm on `Consolidate_syn`.
    ↳] (###Algorithm-to-Recompute-the-qvalues)
13      5. Obtain protein information from below files & merge it with
    ↳`recomputed_consolidate_syn`.
14          `*_msgfplus_syn_SeqToProteinMap.txt` (protein file) and
15          `*_msgfplus_syn_ResultToSeqMap.txt` {mapper file}
16      6. Generate `MSGFjobs_Merged`.
17    - Combine `MSGFjobs_Merged` with MASIC results
18      1. Merge on the basis of `Scan_id` in `_SICstats.txt`.
19      2. Generate `MSGFjobs_MASIC_resultant`.

```

Recompute the qvalues Algorithm:

```

1 In some datasets MSGFplus tool dealing with SPLIT FASTAs due to which the `QValue`
    ↳and `PepQValue` value aren't
2 based on the entire FASTA file for that dataset. Therefore, we're recomputing these
    ↳2 columns after we get
3 `Consolidate_syn` (by merging all the MSGFplusjobs ran on multiple FASTAs)
4 1) Using the Consolidate_syn object
5 3) For each scan, select the peptide with the lowest Spec EValue
6   - If there is more than one peptide with a tied spec evalve, select both of
    ↳them
7 4) Examine the proteins for the selected peptide (or peptides) in the given scan
8   - If all of the proteins start with XXX_, this is a Decoy (aka reverse) PSM
9   - Otherwise, if any of the proteins does not start with XXX, this is a
    ↳forward PSM
10 5) Remove the prefix and suffix letters from the peptide
11   - For example, given peptide K.SPVGKS*PPSTGSTYGSSQKEESAASGGAAYTKR.Y, remove K.
    ↳and .Y to get SPVGKS*PPSTGSTYGSSQKEESAASGGAAYTKR
12   - Call this the base peptide
13 6) Look for that base peptide in a new in-memory table called the UniquePeptide
    ↳table
14   - If the table does not have the peptide, add it, storing BasePeptide,
    ↳SpecEValue, and IsDecoy=True or false
15   - If the table does have the peptide, and if the SpecEValue for the base
    ↳peptide in this scan is lower, update the update the entry for the peptide to have
    ↳the lower SpecEValue
16 7) Once all scans are processed, your new in-memory table will have one row per
    ↳base peptide
17   - If you had encountered these two peptides, you would have two rows; that's
    ↳OK (and appropriate, since the * symbol is in different locations)

```

(continues on next page)

```
SPVGKS*PPSTGSTYGSSQKEESAASGGAAAYTKR
SPVGKSPSTGSTYGSS*QKEESAASGGAAAYTKR
```

- 8) Sort this unique peptide table on SpecEValue, then IsDecoy, then peptide (thus,
 ↳ for entries with the same SpecEValue, the IsDecoy=false ones should be first)
- 9) Step through that table and count the number of Forward hits and the number of
 ↳ Decoy hits, up to the current row
- 10) Compute DecoyCount / ForwardCount; this is the PepQValue
- 11) When the DecoyCount value increments by one, assign the DecoyCount /
 ↳ ForwardCount value for the previous row to all previous rows with the same
 ↳ DecoyCount value
- 12) Once all rows have been processed, go back to the original table and assign an
 ↳ updated PepQValue by linking the two tables on Peptide (linking on Base Peptide)
- 13) Report both the original PepQValue and your re-computed PepQValue in the
 ↳ output table so that we can assure that they're similar.

Result ID	Scan Method	Frag Index	Spec Index	Charge	Pre-cursor MZ	Del M	Del M	MPP	Peptide	Protein	NTT	De Novo Score	MS-GF Score	MS-GFDB Rank	MS-GFDB Spec Value	MS-GFDB Response Value	Job Error	Data Num
-----------	-------------	------------	------------	--------	---------------	-------	-------	-----	---------	---------	-----	---------------	-------------	--------------	--------------------	------------------------	-----------	----------

Re- sul- tID	Scan Method	Frag-Spec tech	Charge Pre- cursor MZ	De- l	De- l	MP P	Pro- tide tein	NTT De- N- ovo	MS- GF- Score	MS- GFDB	Rank- E_Spec	MSQVAD Value	MSQVAD Value	Sho- tError	Value Enum	Dataset	re- com- put- edQ- Value	re- com- put- edP- Value
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[illegible]

1.1.2 Overview datasets:

FICUS Datasets:

1. Hess
2. Stegen

1.1.3 Project: nmmdc-proteomics-workflow

Package: src

Package : analysis

Module : ficusAnalysis

Module : internalAnalysis

```
class src.analysis.internalAnalysis.downStreamAnalysis (parent_folder)
    Bases: object

    findproteinname ()
        Get Protein type :param s: :return:

    cleansequence ()
        clean peptide sequence is the sequence without prefix and postfix but with oxidation :param s: :return:

    process_data ()
        Returns

src.analysis.internalAnalysis.parameter_optimization (dataset_ID)
    Parameters dataset_ID –
    Returns
```

Package : data_access

Package : data_prepare

Module : parseFasta

Package : via_DMS

Module : DMSDatabase

```
class src.data_access.via_DMS.DMSDatabase.DMSDatabase (config)
    Bases: object

    Database connection class

    open_connection ()
        Connection to DMS MS sqlserver i.e DMS5 or DMS_Data_Package
```

run_query (*query*)
Execute SQL query.

Module : FileOperations

class `src.data_access.via_DMS.FileOperations.FileOperations` (*analysis_jobs=None*,
parent_folder=None,
job_info=None)

Bases: `object`

Grab locations of the MSGF+ & MASIC analysis tools using `analysis_jobs` object

create_dir (*folder*)

Parameters **folder** –

Returns

write_to_disk (*url: str*)

Parameters **url** – Job's file path on DMS.

Returns

check_url (*url*)

Parameters **url** –

Returns

download_over_http ()

Given a url, copy files from DMS to disk! :return:

parse_fileserverpath_to_web_url (*file_server_path*)

Converts Windows FileSever path to webURL. :param `file_server_path`: windows server file path. :return:

download_msgf_jobs (*df*)

Parameters **df** –

Returns

download_masic_jobs (*df*)

Parameters **df** –

Returns

download_raw_files (*df, path_or_url*)

download_fasta_param_files ()

Returns

use_df (*df*)

Called for each dataset in the dataframe! :param `df`: reference to `analysis_jobs` object. :return:

get_files (***kw*)

Module : Input

```
class src.data_access.via_DMS.Input.Input
    Bases: object
    Handle & validate User input
    other_input (InputType, UserInput)
        changes input string to list of numbers.
    user_input ()
        Returns
```

Module : Query

```
class src.data_access.via_DMS.Query.Query
    Bases: object
    SQL queries to access data from DMS
    DATASET_MSGF = " SELECT A.Dataset_ID,\n A.MSGFPlusJob,\n B.MasicJob\n FROM ( SELECT Da
    MSGF_loc = 'SELECT JobNum As MSGFPlusJob, [Data Folder Link] As MSGFplus_loc\n FROM V_
    DATASET_MASIC = " SELECT Dataset_ID, Max(Job) As NewestMasicJob\n FROM V_Analysis_Job_
    MASIC_loc = 'SELECT JobNum AS NewestMasicJob , [Results Folder Path] As MASIC_loc\n FR
    DATASET = " SELECT Dataset_ID, Job As MSGFPlusJob, [Results Folder Path] As MSGFplus_l
    MSGF = 'SELECT Dataset_ID, Job As MSGFPlusJob, [Results Folder Path] As MSGFplus_loc \n
    JOB_INFO = 'SELECT Job, Dataset, Experiment, OrganismDBName, ProteinCollectionList, Pa
```

Module : QueryBuilder

```
class src.data_access.via_DMS.QueryBuilder.QueryBuilder (user_input=None,
                                                         storage=None,
                                                         project_name=None)
    Bases: object
    1. Build MS-SQL Queries.
    2. Execute them
    3. create a dataframe that holds all Information Dataset_ID | MSGFPlusJob | Data Folder Link | Newest-
        MasicJob | Results Folder Path |
    save_to_disk (data, data_path, msgf_job_list, id)
        Parameters
            • data –
            • data_path –
            • msgf_job_list –
            • id –
        Returns
```

start_with_datapackage_id (id)

Given a ID —Find out the Dataset_ID , MSGFPlusJob ———Using MSGFPlusJob, findout “Data Folder Link” ———Using Dataset_ID, findout NewestMasicJob ———Using NewestMasicJob findout “Results Folder Path” Merge results to create “analysis_jobs”.

Parameters id – datapackage_id

Returns

start_with_dataset_ids (id_list)

Given set of dataset-IDs —findout MSGFPlusJob, “Results Folder Path” ———Using Dataset_ID, findout NewestMasicJob ———Using NewestMasicJob findout “Results Folder Path” Merge results to create “analysis_jobs”.

Parameters id_list – set of dataset-IDs

Returns

start_with_job_nums (id_list)

Given set of MSGFJobs —Find the Dataset_ID, & “Results Folder Path” ———Using Dataset_ID, findout MASIC ———Using MASIC, findout “Results Folder Path” Merge results to create “analysis_jobs”.

Parameters id_list – set of JobNums

Returns

execute ()

Design queries here & set it

Module : secure

class src.data_access.via_DMS.secure.Config

Bases: *object*

db_user = None

db_password = None

db_server = None

db_name = None

Package : processing

Module : DatasetsMerger

class src.processing.DatasetsMerger.DatasetsMerger (folder=None, combine-Datasets=None)

Bases: *src.processing.MSGFplusMerger.MSGFplusMerger*

1. **Run for UserInput:** a datapackage or a set of datasets or a set of MSGFJobNums
2. create a crossTab object

merge_all_jobs_in_UserInput ()

1. Run for each dataset.
2. Merge all MSGFjobs_MASIC_resultant objects.

Returns

Module : MASICmerger

```
class src.processing.MASICmerger.MASICmerger (folder)
    Bases: src.processing.MSGFplusMerger.MSGFplusMerger

    Run for each dataset

    merge_msgfplus_msaic (**kw)
```

Module : MSGFplusMerger

```
class src.processing.MSGFplusMerger.MSGFplusMerger (dataset_loc=None)
    Bases: object

    Merge all MSFGjobs per dataset.

    1. Runs for each dataset.
    2. Collate “*msgfplus_syn.txt” & -> consolidate_syn object
    3. Recompute the QValue and PepQValue -> recomupted_consolidate_syn object
    4. Look for protein information into

        *msgfplus_syn_SeqToProteinMap.txt : protein Info.  *msgfplus_syn_ResultToSeqMap.txt :
        Mapper -> MSGFjobs_Merged object

    write_to_disk (df, folder, file)

        Parameters

        • df –
        • folder –
        • file –

        Returns

    fill_holes ()

        Returns

    tackle_Unique_Seq_ID_holes_ (df)

        Parameters df –

        Returns

    get_protein_info (**kw)

    improve_FDR ()
        Recompute QValue` and PepQValue 1. Use consolidate_syn_DF

    keep_best_scoring_peptide (**kw)

    stack_files (grouped_files, file_pattern)

        Parameters

        • grouped_files –
        • file_pattern –

        Returns

    group_files (folder)
```

Parameters folder –

Returns

consolidate_syn_files()

1. For all jobs Read in(Stack): “*msgfplus_syn.txt” in _syn_DF with added JobNum & dataset column

Note: _syn_DF have duplicate rows for each Scan with MSGFDB_SpecEValue.

Returns

Module : MetProWorkflowApp

```
usage: MetProWorkflowApp.py [-h] [-M MODE] [-It {1,2,3}] [-S STORAGE]
                             [-P [PROJECTNAME]] [-I INPUT]
                             [-C [COMBINEDDATASETS]] [-Sa {internal,ficus,both}]
```

Named Arguments

-M, --Mode	Different Modes to run the workflow? Developer : Automatically generates files at each step! User : Generates CrossTab/Metric only!
-It, --InputType	Possible choices: 1, 2, 3 Type of input 1 : a datapackage ID 2 : a list of dataset IDs 3 : a list of MSGFjobs Nums
-S, --Storage	Path to store data & results of the pipeline.
-P, --ProjectName	FICUS Study name Eg. hess/stegen/blanchard etc.
-I, --Input	A valid input InputType: 1, An Integer InputType: 2, A comma-seperated list of Integers InputType: 3, A comma-seperated list of Integers
-C, --CombineDatasets	Combine all dataset's MSGF & MASIC jobs to single file for generating crossTabs. Default: False
-Sa, --SelectAnalysis	Possible choices: internal, ficus, both internal : Run internal analysis ficus : Run ficus analysis both : Run both analysis

Module : Workflow

```
class src.Workflow.Workflow (mode=None, InputType=None, path_to_data=None,
                             project_name=None, UserInput=None, CombineDatasets=None,
                             SelectAnalysis=None)
```

Bases: `object`

Automate the Meta-proteomics workflow

run_Analysis (on_file, analysis_type)

Run desired analysis on a file. :meta public: :param analysis_type: :return:

start_downStreamAnalysis (result_path)

Decides to run analysis on combined results vs single dataset. :meta public: :param result_path: :return:

start_merging (*folder*)

Start merging MSGF and MASIC jobs :meta public: :param folder: :return:

download_data_from_DMS (*user_obj*)

build & execute query to download data from DMS :meta public: :param user_obj: input from shell script.
:return: path to !!

start_workflow ()

Runs the workflow in 3 stages 1. Download relevant datasets from specified source. 2. Aggregation of analysis tools{MSGF+, MASIC} results: to extract useful data from datasets. 3. Generation of experimental report. :meta public: :return:

Package : utility**Module : gen_meta_data****Module : utils****utility.utils.timeit** (*method*)

Calculate and logs runtime of a function. :param method: :return: string: HH:MM:SS

utility.utils.str2bool (*v*)

chnages userInput to a yes/no :param v: string :return: bool

utility.utils.current_local_datetime ()

Returns current local date and time

utility.utils.current_UTC_datetime ()

Returns current UTC date and time.

Please provide feedback Anubhav <anubhav@pnnl.gov>

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